JRH.EAB

581

MISCELLANEOUS- H

1918-1919 (027)

21

February 27th, 1919

Professor W. R. Ball,
Church and Choral Music,
Columbia University,
New York City.

Dear Sir:

I have to thank you for your letter with regard to Mr. Walter H. Robinson which I will lay before our Committee dealing with this matter.

Yours sincerely,

President.

20

March 10th, 1919

The Editor,

"Hamilton Times".

My dear Sir:

I have to thank you very sincerely for the kindly editorial regarding the University of Toronto which appeared in your issue of March 5th. I hope now that the war is over the University will be able to do a great work for the community in a wider way than ever.

With kind regards, I am,

Yours sincerely,

President.

61

Quebec, 15th July, 1918.

Sir Robert Falconer, Principal

of Toronto University.

Dear Sir Robert,

I take the liberty of sending you a copy of my "Patriotic Creed for the Rising Generation of Canadians", and hope that it may, in part at least, meet with your personal approval. It has been suggested that a second and somewhat enlarged edition of the pamphlet be issued at an early date, and I will be glad to hear from you about it, seeing you have always taken a prominent and strenuous part in the furthering of an improved civic rule in Canada.

Believe me to be, as always,

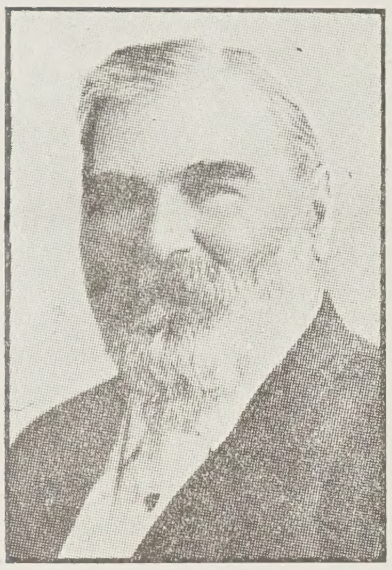
Yours Most Respectfully,

J M Harper

The Call of the World to the Nations

(Revised in Terms of Impending Events and the Pronouncements of Prime Minister David Lloyd George and President Woodrow Wilson.)

"Right is right, since God is God,
And right the day must win."
Frederick Faber.



J. M. HARPER

Is the world as yet fully awake to the necessity of its own safeguarding? If not, it surely is time that it should be, in face of all that is happening. A call for coalesence in its defence has for the past three years and more been sounded in the ear of its civilization. From continent to continent, from the United States to Japan, the call has been heard. And at this very moment there is but one greatest interest for that civilization to rally around, now that Teutonism has openly made up its mind to make a world of its own, over-ruled by a militant prowess that has set up a god of its own. That militant prowess if suffered to add further to its prestige for cruelty among the children of men, is not likely to pause in its over-reaching until it has trodden under foot every trace of international good-will. As it is, the international conscience seems to have, been seized by an attack of creeping paralysis. But what kind of a conscience is the world likely to have should a Germanic autocracy be given more of its way to undermine, further than it has already undermined, the first principles of morality in a God-governed world? The moment has arrived for an international co-operation in behalf of the world's welfare in terms of freedom and justice. And it is the whole civilized world that is now calling upon all the civilized nations and peoples of the world to come to the world's rescue from the threatening supremacy of a dare-devil self-seeking Germanism. As Francis Key says: "Peace and good-will is the power that preserveth the nations and the nations cannot but conquer the enemies of the world, when their cause is a just one."

* * *

Awake O ye Nations, who may, and reach out
For the olden-time grip on events—
Reach out, as the rescuers of freedom have done,
Despite the laggart's laments!
With phalanx for phalanx, equipped strength for strength;
The balance of power is ours,
To save from the rage of the tyrant's rampage,
Before he the world deflowers!
The war that is on hath brought face to face
The zeal of good-faith defying disgrace;
And who with a sneer dares turn a deaf ear,
To the world's appeal the disgrace to efface?

The sacrilege rampant in Europe's domain
Brings home to all realms near and far
The designs, dire-matured by militant guile,
To give rein to the horrors of war;
And the call of the world comes a call as from God—
A call that dispelleth dismay—
A sanctified call, far-reaching to all,
To which 'twere a crime to say nay.
The war that is on is ours, man for man—
A war which a pseudo-peacemaker began;
And his campaign of hate 'tis ours to defeat,
If a peace born of God and good-will we'd regain.

With courage renewed with hopes all aglow,
Baptized by the sheen of goodwill—
With the right on our side, whate'er may betide,
'Tis the law of God's grace we'd fulfil;
With phalanx for phalanx, equipped strength for strength,
With courage enlist thine and mine,
In war's go-and-come, beyond and at home,
'Tis ours what is ours to align;
The war that is on, begotten of hate,
Still weaveth for us its problems of fate,
And solve them must we, the world to free,
From the foes that would banish good-will from its gate.

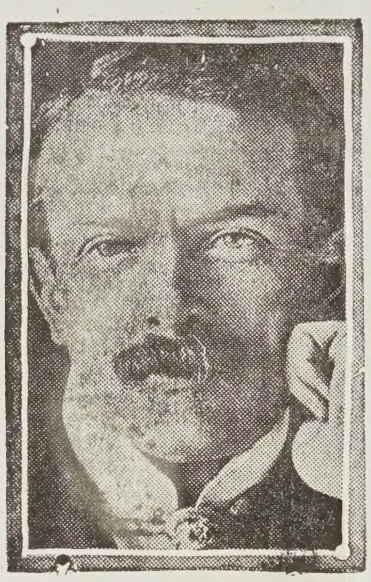
As defence seeketh succour from every resource,
Draining deep from all that we have,
Let the humblest give heed to the cause of mankind,
The prestige of freedom to save;
Let the good-will of wealth continue to share
Its overflow harvests in hand,
With a promise of more from its vast threshing-floor,
In terms of philanthropy's bond.
Ay, the war that is on is ours to confront,
Despite all dismay at things out of joint;
Side by side we must fight, to our very last mite,
The right to uphold and the tyrant displant.

* * *

"My country is the world; my countrymen are mankind.....With reasonable men I will reason; with human men I will plead; but to tyrants I will give no quarter, nor waste arguments where they certainly will be lost."—WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON.

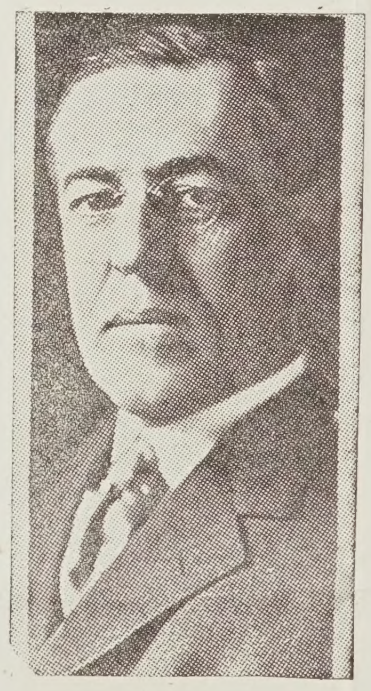
"In this war the world has known other moments of tense anticipation, but none more full of meaning than the present moment. The thought of the ordeal before us should hush all dissentient and discontented voices, and should inspire all who remain at home with a determination not to be unworthy of those who are facing privation and death in the cause of freedom."—THE LONDON TIMES.

"That there ought to be cultivated an international conscience is a truth as glaring as that there is a God. And until the nations confessedly fighting on behalf of the welfare of the world, seek to re-establish it as a wholesome ethical force, they are no whit better than the fool who hath said in his heart there is no God. And no one is more assured of this than the unbalanced Kaiser of Germany, who, as we all know, has set up a god of his own, whom no one, not even himself, would think of worshipping as the only living and true God."—THE CRITIC OF THE CLOISTER.



DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

"A nation in the furnace of war cannot very well fail to become more and more of a brotherhood. And a league of nations is all but sure to become an established fact when once the sword has been turned into a plough share. While the Entente armies, therefore, are doing their utmost to gain a decisive victory on behalf of the world and its civilization, surely the people, face to face with big things, need not worry too seriously over litle ones."—PARLIAMENTARY ADVICE FROM PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE.



WOODROW WILSON

"This, then, is our conception of the great struggle in which we are engaged. The plot is written plain upon every scene and every act of the supreme tragedy. On the one hand stand the peoples of the world—not only the peoples actually engaged, but many others also who suffer under mastery but cannot act; peoples of many races and in every part of the world—the people of stricken Russia, still among the rest, though they are for the moment unorganized and helpless.

"There can but be one issue. The settlement must be final. There can be no compromise. No half-way decision would be tolerable. No half-way decision is conceivable. These are the ends for which the associated peoples of the world are fighting and which must be conceded them before there can be peace."—WOODROW WILSON.

The above stanzas may be taken as a keynote to Dr. Harper's views in behalf of "Imperial Federation" and "An International League for the World's Guidance and Protection."

July 22nd, 1918

Dr. J. M. Harper,

Quebec.

Dear Sir:

In the absence of Sir Robert Falconer I beg to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of your "Patriotic Creed for the Rising Generation of Canadians".

Yours very truly,

President's Secretary.

February 18th, 1919

D. G. Harris, Esq., 88 James Street North,

Hamilton.

Dear Mr. Harris:

I am sending your letter to the Dean of the Faculty of Applied Science who will I think be able to give you better advice than any I could give.

Yours sincerely,

President.

58

Overland, Sask.
Aug. 6. /18.

Sir. R. A. Falconer,
Toronto,
Canada.

Dear Sir,—

I am advised by the Registrar that I have a star in Third Year Ethics, yet in the statement of marks sent me this subject appears thus:

~~Ethics~~ ——

No examination mark whatever is given. I wrote Mr. Brebner asking to have this rectified and that I would like my examination mark. He replied saying the Revising Committee could not recommend that the star be removed. This answer was most unsatisfactory to me as I do not think I failed in Ethics. My term mark was 68 % and I fully believe the papers I handed in to be at least good pass papers.

Do you think the following would throw any light on the matter?

All during my final exams. I had a very severe cough and found it hard to keep up. I thought I could write my Ethics in two hours, so I stayed out to study thinking the half-hour would be my loss. I had to report at the Office and explained it to Mr. Brebner as above. He allowed me to write. I did not know of that rule, refusing admittance, until then. The rules were not posted on the bulletin as stated on Time Table they would be or I no doubt would have read it.

Am sorry to have broken the rule but it was done unconsciously. Do you not think with such an explanation as I gave that it is unfair to score out that examination?

I appeal to your judgment in this matter and hope you will be able to give it your attention and see that I get fair treatment.

(over.)

59

August 13th, 1918

Miss E. Alberta Harrison,

Overland, Mass.

Dear Miss Harrison:

In the absence of Sir Robert Falconer who is in England I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th inst. regarding your examination in Third Year Faculty of Arts. I have been inquiring in the Registrar's Office and have also seen the records. You obtained approximately [illegible] on your examination in [illegible] and your [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible]. As the Registrar [illegible] you would not be [illegible] of the [illegible] as it was not recommended by the Revising Committee.

No mark is given on the first report of examination for extra subjects but you get your mark when you inquire, this is the practice of the Registrar's Office, so that the statement of marks was quite correct.

The examination marks are entirely out of the hands of the President, and are in charge of a Revising Committee appointed for that purpose.

Yours very truly,

President's Secretary.

[illegible] 1[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

THE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE

BROOKLYN-NEW YORK

February 5, 1919

President R. A. Falconer
University of Toronto
Toronto, Ontario

Dear Sir:

A committee of the Faculty of the Polytechnic Institute has been appointed by President Atkinson to consider the new plan of annuities offered through the Carnegie Foundation by the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America. In carrying out its work this committee would value information on the actions already taken by your Faculty on the following questions:

1. Will your institution participate in the contributory plan of annuities, or, if no decision has yet been reached, what is the general opinion in regard thereto?

2. If participation has been decided upon: Will participation in the contributory plan be obligatory for those professors and assistant professors who have entered the service of your institution since November 17, 1915, or only for those who enter after some future date?

3. Will the privilege of participation be extended to those in the service of associated institutions prior to November 17, 1915, and coming under the non-contributory plan of annuities?

4. What is the maximum percentage and also the maximum amount contributed by your institution toward the premium of a full professor?

If actions on these points have not yet been taken, the committee would be glad to have copies of any resolutions passed by your Faculty at any time within the next two or three months.

Very truly yours,

Erich Hausmann

[illegible] 9th, 1969

Mr. Leland Sherman,
The Interstate Bookshop,
[illegible], I.D.

Dear Sir:

I am interested in some of a rather [illegible] book which was in stock at one [illegible] bookstore recently but my wholesale price was too high for this price to be worth of the interest of [illegible] in the general [illegible] [illegible].

Very sincerely,

[illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

2/

one, it must certainly be an impeachment of my professional status. It has been stated that every member of the University Staff was expected to perform military duties. I wish to state, Sir Robert, that after the retirement of Col. Marlow from the post of A.C.M.S. for this District, I was appointed the Surgical member of the Pensions Board at Headquarters for this District, which position I held for about one

20 Bloor Street East.
~~640 SPADINA AVENUE~~ June 7. 19
TORONTO

Sir Robert Falconer.
President. University of Toronto.

Dear Sir Robert:

I received your letter of the 6th inst. I regret that Professor Watson did not communicate his intentions to me before leaving town.

You have assured me Sir Robert on previous occasions that Professor Watson liked me personally. Therefore, since the matter is not a personal

Member of the Council of the Aesculapian Club. Consisting of Seventy (70) well known medical gentlemen, and President of the Clinical Society of the Staff of Grace Hospital,

Professor Watson has never communicated to me any reason for his attitude towards me.

My Out-patient Clinic at the General Hospital has been well attended and my classes also well attended and the students successful in their examinations and

year, and as you know, a very responsible office. To this I have full-time duty.

Previous to the retirement of Pat Marlow, it was impossible for me to obtain any military appointment. though I was the Senior Captain in the C.A.M.C. for this District

I feel it is only fair that you should know this.

During the past year I was Chairman of the Section of Surgery. Academy of Medicine

6/

and if Professor Watson will only state his objections, and I am then unable to give a satisfactory accounting I am ready to submit.

But under the circumstances as I have already stated I am only asking what any man whose future in his professional career, is being jeopardized would ask.

I know, Sir Robert, you have always very fair and just to me and I feel that if

5/

20 B[illegible] East.

~~646 SPADINA AVENUE~~

TORONTO

and enthusiastic over their work.

What Professor Watson suggests, as you know Sir Robert would mean my severance of all Hospital appointments, and that at a time when I have already retired from general practice and am devoting my energies wholly to my specialty.

I only ask the fair treatment that every man expects and

if my case is laid clearly before you, I will receive justice, and my life work of many years preparation, will not be in a Sudden dissipated.

I am have many duties and would not be expected to be conversant with all the facts - and I know Sir Robert. You will not deny me the privilege of giving them

I have the Honor to be Sir,
Yours very Truly
L. C. [illegible]

92

Dalhousie, Ont.
Jan 25th 19

Sir - Falconer.
Dear Sir

I am writing for information about the University Courses. Is it necessary to have your Matriculation before entering? My son left the High Sch. here two years ago & enlisted. He failed to pass his medical on account of his heart & he then went to the Central Tech. in Toronto until last April when he got in the ~~flying~~ Air Force. He now has his discharge & wants to go on with his studies - especially Electrical work. & we would both prefer the University

2.

if that were possible. Could you
kindly advise us - also as
to fees &c. I saw something
in the paper some time ago about
classes for [illegible] men, & cant
remember, if that included
those who had not left Canada -
An early answer will [illegible]

Obligd. Yours sincerely

Charlotte S. O'Hearn

P.S.
I forgot to say that my son
was twenty last [illegible] —

JRH.EAB

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE CANADA

Ottawa, 2nd May, 1919.

Refer to No. 53-1-27

Sir,

I am directed to forward the attached copy of a letter received from the Secretary of the Admiralty, London, in regard to Professor J. C. McLennan, O.B.E., F.R.S.

2. It will be observed that in paragraph 3 of the Admiralty letter this Department is asked to grant the necessary facilities to Professor McLennan during his visit to Canada. I am to request that you will be so good as to inform this Department whether the present address of this gentleman is known, and, if not, that should it become known you will advise the Department.

3. It is desired to communicate with Professor McLennan, as it is not clear what facilities can be afforded to him by this Department.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. R. Hemsted

Naval Secretary.

Sir Robert A. Falconer, K.C.M.G.,
M.A., L.L.D., D.Litt.,
Toronto University,
Toronto, Ont.

EAB

C O P Y .

L.11902.

Admiralty,

12th April, 1919.

Sir,

I am commanded by My Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to acquaint you that Professor J. C.McLennan, O.B.E., F.R.S., Scientific Adviser to the Admiralty is leaving England on the 17th instant to visit Canada.

2. He will travel via New York and while in the United States will visit Washington and other places before entering Canada.

3. While in Canada, Professor McLennan hopes to travel to Toronto and the Experimental Station at Calgary, and I am to request that he may be granted the necessary facilities during his visit.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,

(Sgd) J. W. S. Anderson

The Director of the Naval
Service of Canada,
Ottawa, Canada.

June 21st, 1919.

E. J. Henderson Esq.,
2817 Victoria Ave.,
Regina Sask.

Dear Sir:

I regret very much that you have had no answer heretofore with regard to your petition and that you have had so much correspondence in the matter. I have seen the Registrar and told him that I would send you my apologies that the University seemed to have overlooked the matter. He assures me, however, that the Committee finally decided the question yesterday afternoon and that he wired to you this morning that you would be accepted. I trust that this will be the end of the matter.

Yours truly,

President.

[illegible] 1918

Mrs. [illegible],

[illegible] Carlton Street,

[illegible].

[illegible]:

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.

SOLICITOR FOR MOLSONS BANK

PHONE NO. 40
OFFICES: MOLSONS BANK BUILDING

MORRISBURG, ONT., Nov.11th, 1918.

Rev.Principal Falconer,
Toronto University
TORONTO, Ont.

Dear Sir,-

Enclosed is a copy of letter I wrote to Sir Robert Borden, and I would suggest that the Principals of all our Canadian Universities should get in touch with one another and by concerted action endeavor, if possible, to have carried out the suggestion I have made. It seems to me that we could have four or five thousand students returned by Christmas; they can enter the Universities the 1st of January and by prolonging the University term, say to the middle of May, many of these students, with their present great physique, could write off their year.

Kindly let me know what you think of my plan.

Yours truly

Hilliard

Morrisburg, Ont.
Nov. 7th, 1918.

The Right Honourable
Sir Robert Borden
Ottawa, Ont.

Honourable Sir,-

On the question of demobilization, I would respectfully submit that the class of soldiers to be returned first to Canada, should be Students who enlisted while attending our Universities and whose future completely stopped at that point. Of those students, the first to be returned should be those who have served two years and over in France. Most of those soldiers will want to enter the Universities where they left off. They will be no charge to our Country. The next class to be returned should be those who have a business or a situation awaiting them. They would at once enter on Civil life and become no charge on our Country. In all cases, all things being equal, the persons who have served longest to have the preference in returning.

I know young men who would enter the University in January and with their physique and strength, could work off their University year by Spring.

Trusting peace is in sight, I am,

Yours faithfully

(Sgd) I. Filliard

H. J. HOLLINRAKE
SAULT STE. MARIE, CANADA

December 21, 1918.

President Falconer,
University of Toronto,
Toronto.

Dear Sir:--

In 1915, my son, Osborn S. Hollinrake, matriculated at the University Schools, Toronto, having attended that school from the time of opening.

Removing to the Sault, he continued his studies, and took his senior matriculation, expecting in the fall, to enter Toronto University.

But the war was on, and like many of our brave Canadian boys, he volunteered for service in the Army, and in August, 1916, entered the Royal Military College, Kingston, in preparation for a commission, which of course, included other subjects as well as Military ones.

In September, 1917, he proceeded overseas, and received a commission in the Royal Garrison Artillery.

Soon after, he went to France, where he still is with the same branch of the Imperial service.

As soon as he can obtain his discharge from the army, he would like to enter Toronto University.

Might I ask-

1.- Will the year he spent at the R.M.C. count in his favor on his University course?

2.- Will he be given credit for the time he was in the Army on his University course?

3.- Would he be able to register as of the fall of 1918?

4.- I should like to have his name entered.

I understand that University men are likely to be returned from France earlier.

What application, and to whom would it be necessary for this purpose?

Would you kindly give this matter your consideration, and reply.

Yours faithfully,

H.J.H.

[illegible] 1[illegible], 1[illegible]

[illegible] in Calliarsen, Esq.,

[illegible] Tlo. Garig, Esq.

[illegible] Co. Calliarsen:

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] [illegible], [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] [illegible],

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible],

[illegible], [illegible].

Dear Sir:

I [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] 2nd, 1925

[illegible] Co.,

[illegible] Street,

[illegible]

Gentlemen:

[illegible] copies of the [illegible] of Lawyers [illegible] you under [illegible] the [illegible] session. There is no charge for this. I am not sure if you [illegible] the [illegible] in [illegible] order.

Very sincerely,

[illegible]

GOLDWIN W. HOWLAND
M.B., TORONTO M.R.C.P., LONDON
CONSULTATION HOURS
11.30 TO 1 P.M.—5 TO 6 P.M.
AND BY APPOINTMENT
TELEPHONE COLLEGE 2530

NOTE :—AFTER MAY 1ST, OFFICE AT 149 WEST BLOOR STREET. RESIDENCE, 72 FOREST HILL ROAD

538 SPADINA AVE

TORONTO, March 14 1919

A W Patterson
Esq. President. Univ. of Toronto.

I can arrange for appt on Tuesday at 9 - or 10 am. Shall make it 10 am if I do not hear from you. - If 8 - 8 30 preferable kindly let me know.

Yours
G W Howland

Needless to say, we are very anxious to have our boy come home to finish his course and make his start in life, to say nothing of the longing to see him again

I ask you, Sir Robert, if you will kindly use your great influence to have these boys brought home as speedily as possible, for I doubt not, but that you see and feel as we do about this

Yours Sincerely

C. M. Hughes

Lake Shore Rd
Mimico Beach - Ont

67th Battery was made up in England of boys that had been wounded in France.

Our boy, Sergeant Chester, A. Hughes #315949, is one of them, he attended School of Science for three years and would have finished his course in 1917 but enlisted in Jany 1916 and has been away now over three years from his home and studies and doubtless most or all of these 558 boys are in the same position.

I do think they have done their share, especially as they have just gone through such a very trying and perilous winter

May 13th 1919

Sir Robert Falconer
University of Toronto

Dear Sir

I read in the Mail and Empire of Saturday May 10th that the British War Office has asked the Canadian Government to leave the 558 Canadian Boys, known as the 67th Battery, on the Archangel front, as long as possible and Sir Edward Kemp is to receive their answer this week.

As no doubt you know, this

[illegible] 1911

Chancellor C. [illegible],

Independent Copper Company,

[illegible] William Street, New York.

Dear Sir, Sundry:

I have to acknowledge your [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

35 Laboureur Ave. Ottawa Ont. Can.
Dec 23rd 1918.

156

Sir

An article appeared in the Ottawa Citizen "Prepare Veterans for Varsity Career" It just suited my case, I have sent the cutting on to my boys, but at this time there is confusion, & I should highly appreciate your attention if you could let me know about this school as to terms etc. One boy has been one term at the P. C. Montreal but joined up just before the exam. his junior matriculation, close on two years ago. The other lad was at business during day & taking subjects from an old school teacher in the evenings. They had hoped the Government would do something as was spoken about a Khaki University to meet these sort of boys, but they talk of coming back early next year. I may add these lads of mine are the sons of a laboring man, & mean to work their way through, their a/c. that was left me, will go to start them. They are Scotch boys & are now in Headquarters Staff in Scotland. As I am about to make a change in our home but it will be based entirely on where the boys are going to be. I will be so pleased to hear further from you as to this school, begging to be excused for this liberty

I Remain
Yours very Respectfully - J. Hutton

157

December 24th, 1918

J. Dutton, Esq.,

33 Ladouceur Avenue,

Ottawa.

Dear Mr. Dutton:

We are intending to begin classes on the first of February so as to prepare students for entering the University next October. We cannot of course guarantee that any student will be fit by that time to enter upon the regular work of the University, but we will do our best for him.

You have not told us what course your boys wish to take, whether Arts or Applied Science, but whatever it may be we will do the best we can to prepare them for their future work, and if they can be here by the first of February it would be greatly to their advantage.

Yours sincerely,

President.

136

March 7th, 1919

Madame Jane Ruys,

54 Avenue Roghen,

Brussels, Belgium.

Dear Madam:

In answer to your card I beg to say that Madame Ledoux is still in Toronto and is quite well. She is training at the Toronto General Hospital as a nurse and her address is Care Toronto General Hospital, College Street, Toronto.

Yours sincerely,

President.